

MASÍK, K., MUDr.; ŠTEMBERA, Z., MUDr.; PESÍK, J., MUDr.

Collection and transfusion of placental blood. Česk. gyn. 21 no.5:  
321-325 Sept 56.

1. Ustav pro peči o matku a dítě v Praze-Podoli, ředitel prof.  
MUDr. J. Trapl. Ustav haematologie a krevní transfuse v Praze,  
ředitel MUDr. J. Kidery.

(BLOOD

placental, collection & transfusion (Cz))

(BLOOD TRANSFUSION

placental blood, indic. for use (Cz))

SKAMNOVA, B.; MASIK, I.; STECERA, Z.

Successful plastic surgery for breast hypertrophy. Cas. lek. cesk.  
96 no.39:1230-1233 27 Sept 57.

1. Prop. int. klin. hyg. epid. fakulta, prednosta prof. J. Syllaba.  
Ustav pro peci o matku a dite v Praze-Podoli; prednosta prof. J. Trapl.  
(BREAST, dis.)

hypertrophy, plastic surg. (Qx))  
(HYPERSTROPHY AND HYPERPLASIA, surg.  
plastic for breast hypertrophy (Cx))

STIPÉK, Jaroslav, Inz.; BOHAC, V., Inz.; MASEK, Karel, MUDr.

Studies on typical central laboratories in hospitals and polyclinics.  
Cesk.zdravot. 8 no.6:319-329 Je '60.

(LABORATORIES)

(HOSPITALS)

MARATKA, Z.; MASEK, K.; BEDNAR, B.; KRUML, J.

Comparison of results of gastric acidity and secretion tests with  
results of biopsy tests in the diagnosis of gastritis. Cesk.  
gastroent. vyz. 15 no.4:276-281 Je '61.

1. II vnitni oddeleni, Ustredni laborator a Patologickanatomicke  
oddeleni nemocnice na Bulovce, I. patologickoanatomicky ustav KU  
v Praze.

(GASTRITIS diag) (BIOPSY) (GASTRIC JUICE)

MASEK, K.

SURNAME, Given Names

(- t -)

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: MD

Affiliation:

Source: Prague, Prakticky Lekar, Vol 41, No 8, 1961, pp 363-364.

Data: "Experience With Investigating the Activity of Transamidation in Serum in 334 Patients With Suspect Myocardium Infarct."

Authors: MASEK, K., Director of the Central Laboratory, Bulovka Hospital (Ustredni laborator nemocnice Bulovka), Prague 8.

SYMON, L., Director of the First Internal Department, Bulovka Hospital (I. interni oddeleni).

MARATKA, Z., Director of the Second Internal Department, Bulovka Hospital (II. interni oddeleni).

Abstract /Author's English summary ~~Author's English summary~~  
Evaluation of renal clearance of total, conjugated and free  
uric acid in blood and urine

QUADRAT, Otakar; MASEK, Karel

On errors and control of analysis of biological material. I. Cas. Lek.  
Cesk. 101 no.8:246-252 23 F '62.

1. Ustredni laborator nemocnice na bulovce, Praha 8, prednosta  
MUDr. Karel Masek.

(BIOCHEMISTRY)

QUADRAT, Otakar; MASEK, Karel

On errors and control in analysis of biological material. II. Gas.  
Lek. Cesk. 101 no.12:370-374 23 Mr '62.

1. Ustredni laborator nemocnice na Bulovce, Praha 8, prednosta MUDr.  
Karel Masek.

(CHEMISTRY ANALYTICAL) (BIOCHEMISTRY)

SVIHOVEC, J.; MASEK, K.; JIRICKA, Z.

Mechanism of the effect of staphylococcus toxin on blood pressure.  
Physiol. bohemoslov. 12 no.1:51-54 '63.

1. Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Paediatrics, Prague, and  
Central Pharmacology Laboratories, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences,  
Prague.

(STAPHYLOCOCCUS) (TOXINS AND ANTITOXINS) (BLOOD PRESSURE)  
(ADRENAL GLANDS) (CATECHOLAMINES)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

KUBPAT, O., and KASEK, L., of the Central Laboratory of the Ministry of Health of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, Bratislava, have published a paper.

"New Method for Determination of Results of Quicks Test,"

Prague, Časopis Československého výzkumu, Vol. 102, No. 1, Jan. 1968.

Abstract (Authored by KUBPAT and KASEK): In view of the fact that the calculation of the results obtained during estimation of the fibrinogen concentration in plasma is based on a complex activity in plasma (Quicks test), the new method is based on the finding that the calibration curve has a hyperbolic shape. The results can then be calculated only from the aid of two simple calculations with 100-percent and 10-percent plasma. That this method is correct is justified as proved on a number of calibration curves. The method is correct also in practice. In fact, the calculation time is reduced by utilizing a slide rule provided with special scales. By means of this slide rule even less experienced workers can make the calculation with a low risk of errors. This slide rule can be produced on a large scale. The new method eliminates the lengthy calibration before each test. In the daily series of specimens the whole procedure thus becomes more accurate, simpler and easier. (No references).

ZEZEWALSKA

R. MACIK AND J. JANKO, Central Experimental Station of the  
Czechoslovak Academy of Sci., Inst. Research for Agriculture, Brno, Czechoslovakia; Academy Med. Sci. Prof. Dr. A. SEDLAR,  
Prague, Prague.

Effect of Some Substances on Intoxication w/ Shigella Shiga Toxin.  
Prague, Casopis Lekcu o Zivstvach, No 1-2, 1966, p. 101-105.

Abstract (English summary modified) to mice i.v. serotonin 0.2 mg/kg, reserpine (1 mg./Kg. s.c. to mice kept at 4° centigrade for 4 hours or 30 min. incubation) 1 to 48 hours before lethal dose (4.5 mg/kg). Shigella shiga toxin significantly prolonged life; reserpine without cold had less but still significant effect; dibenazine, chlorpromazine, pentamethonium, hydrocortisone, norepinephrine and cold alone had no significant effect; epinephrine, iproniazid and pyrazolet did significantly shorten survival time. Six groups, 16 references; 12 English-language, 4 unpublished data by authors.

1/1

MASEK, K., MUDr., CSc.

Training physicians at training areas. Cesk. zdrav. 12 no.3:  
103-106 Mr\*64

1. Vedouci katedry klinicke biochimie UDL, Praha.

L 13335-66

ACC NR: AP6006028

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0053/65/014/004/0287/0287

AUTHOR: Bachur, M. R.; Masek, L.; Nelson, K.; Udenfriend, S.

36  
B

ORG: Laboratory of Clinical Biochemistry, National Institute of Health, Bethesda, USA; Pharmacology Institute CSAV, Prague (Farmakologicky ustav CSAV)

TITLE: Palmitoyl ethanolamide in mammalian tissues [This paper was presented during the Twelfth Pharmacologic Days, Smolenice, 27 Jan 65.]

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska fysiologie, v. 14, no. 4, 1965, 287

TOPIC TAGS: experiment animal, rat, radioisotopic tracer study, brain, liver, biosynthesis, gas chromatography, amine, biochemistry

ABSTRACT: Palmitoyl ethanolamide, an endogenous substance known to have anti-inflammatory and antiamyphylactic properties, was detected by gas chromatography in the brain (30 g/Gm of tissue), liver (7 g/Gm), skeletal muscles (1 g) of rats and guinea pigs;  $C^{14}$  palmitic acid,  $C^{14}$  ethanolamine study confirmed the in vitro synthesis as well as previously unreported pharmacologic roles. (JRS)

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REP: 007

jw

Card 1/1

L 21475-66 ETC(1)/EPF(n)-2/ENG(m) IJP(c) AT  
 ACC NR: AF60006571

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0055/65/015/009/0644/0661

AUTHOR: Petzarek, L.; Mnsek, K.

ORG: Institute of Physics, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague

TITLE: Macroscopic space charge field in disturbed <sup>21, 44, 55</sup> quasineutral plasma.

SOURCE: Czechoslovatskiy fizicheskiy zhurnal, v. 15, no. 9, 1965, 644-661

TOPIC TAGS: electron plasma, plasma magnetic field, homogeneous magnetic field, magnetic field intensity, ion density, perturbation, Gaussian distribution

ABSTRACT: A method of calculating the electric field intensity in a quasi-neutral plasma homogeneity is found for the case when the problem can have a one-dimensional formulation. The general formula

$$E = E_0 - 4\pi q_0 \sum_{j=1}^J C_{j+1} I_0 \frac{\partial^{j-1} n_e}{\partial x^{j-1}} - Q,$$

where

$$C_{j+1} = \frac{c_1^{j+1} - (-1)^{j+1} c_1^{j+1}}{c_1 + c_1}.$$

including Ohm's law, ambipolar approximation, and higher approximations of the space-charge electric field intensity expressed in terms of deviation  $n_t$  in ion

Card 1/2

L 21475-66

ACC NR: AP6000657

density and its derivatives, is found, and the values of the errors of these approximations are derived. Numerical calculations for the sinusoidal form and for the Gaussian form of the perturbation in the ion concentration were carried out. Orig. art. has: 5 figures, 33 formulas, and 5 tables. [Based on authors' abstract.]

O

[BT]

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 21Nov64/ ORIG REF: 002/ OTH REF: 004/

Card 2/2 dha

1. Biochemistry

Czechoslovakia

1966-1967

Kral, J.; Kralova, R.; Kralova, M. Jech (Ustav pro vyu-  
zovani), Praha; Chair of Clinical Biochemistry at the Insti-  
tute for Post-graduate Training of Medical and Pharmaceutical Practi-  
tioners (Ustav pro využití vzdělávání a posluchačů zdravotnického  
a farmaceutického povolání), Praha, Nord (Podolí) docent Dr. J. Kral.

"Future of Clinical Biochemistry in Czechoslovakia."

Prague, Biological Medicine, Vol. 106, No. 1, Jan 67, pp.  
1-14, 1967.

Abstract: The present situation in clinical biochemistry is described. The incor-  
poration of this faculty in medical schools, training and in revision of  
medical standards is described. The allocation of personnel to  
laboratories attached to various kinds of medical institutions  
is discussed. Types of activities required in the various kinds  
of specialized laboratories are described. Importance of clini-  
cal biochemistry in modern medicine is evaluated. An analysis required  
for the future of specialized medical laboratories is discussed.  
Importance of strict control of personnel requirements and maximizing  
autonomous operation in these laboratories is stressed. No references.  
(Manuscript received Sep 66).

CZ/0053/66/015/005/0404/0404

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

AUTHOR: Masek, K.

ORG: Institute of Pharmacology CSAV, Prague (Farmakologicky ustav CSAV)

TITLE: The effect of staphylococcal toxin on thrombocytes

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska fyziologie, v. 15, no. 5, 1966, 404

TOPIC TAGS: toxicology, serotonin, biocnemistry, blood

ABSTRACT: The effect of the staphylococcal toxin on thrombocytes was investigated with special attention given to the release of serotonin, the influence of the EDTA, and the difference in species. The experiments showed that serotonin separates in direct relation to the time and toxin dose. The dependence on the animal species was also established. However, when applying the EDTA, the toxin effect rather resembled that of type-A phospholipid. Consequently, even if the existence of enzymes similar in their nature to be phospholipids A and C is taken into consideration, the mechanism of the toxin effect on thrombocytes needs to be clarified by several more direct tests. [w. 4. 50] [KP]

1/1

*WA-50*  
ACC NR: AP6032381L-95114-67 JK  
SOURCE CODE: CZ/0053/66/015/005/0404/0404AUTHOR: Masek, K.14  
BORG: Institute of Pharmacology CSAV, Prague (Farmakologicky ustav CSAV)TITLE: The effect of staphylococcal toxin on thrombocytes

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska fyziologie, v. 15, no. 5, 1966, 404

TOPIC TAGS: toxicology, serotonin, biochemistry, blood

ABSTRACT: The effect of the staphylococcal toxin on thrombocytes was investigated with special attention given to the release of serotonin, the influence of the EDTA, and the difference in species. The experiments showed that serotonin separates in direct relation to the time and toxin dose. The dependence on the animal species was also established. However, when applying the EDTA, the toxin effect rather resembled that of type-A phospholipid. Consequently, even if the existence of enzymes similar in their nature to be phospholipids A and C is taken into consideration, the mechanism of the toxin effect on thrombocytes needs to be clarified by several more direct tests. [w. 4. 50]

[KP]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 005 /

Card 1/1 vmb

MASEK, L. ; SYROVATKA, J.

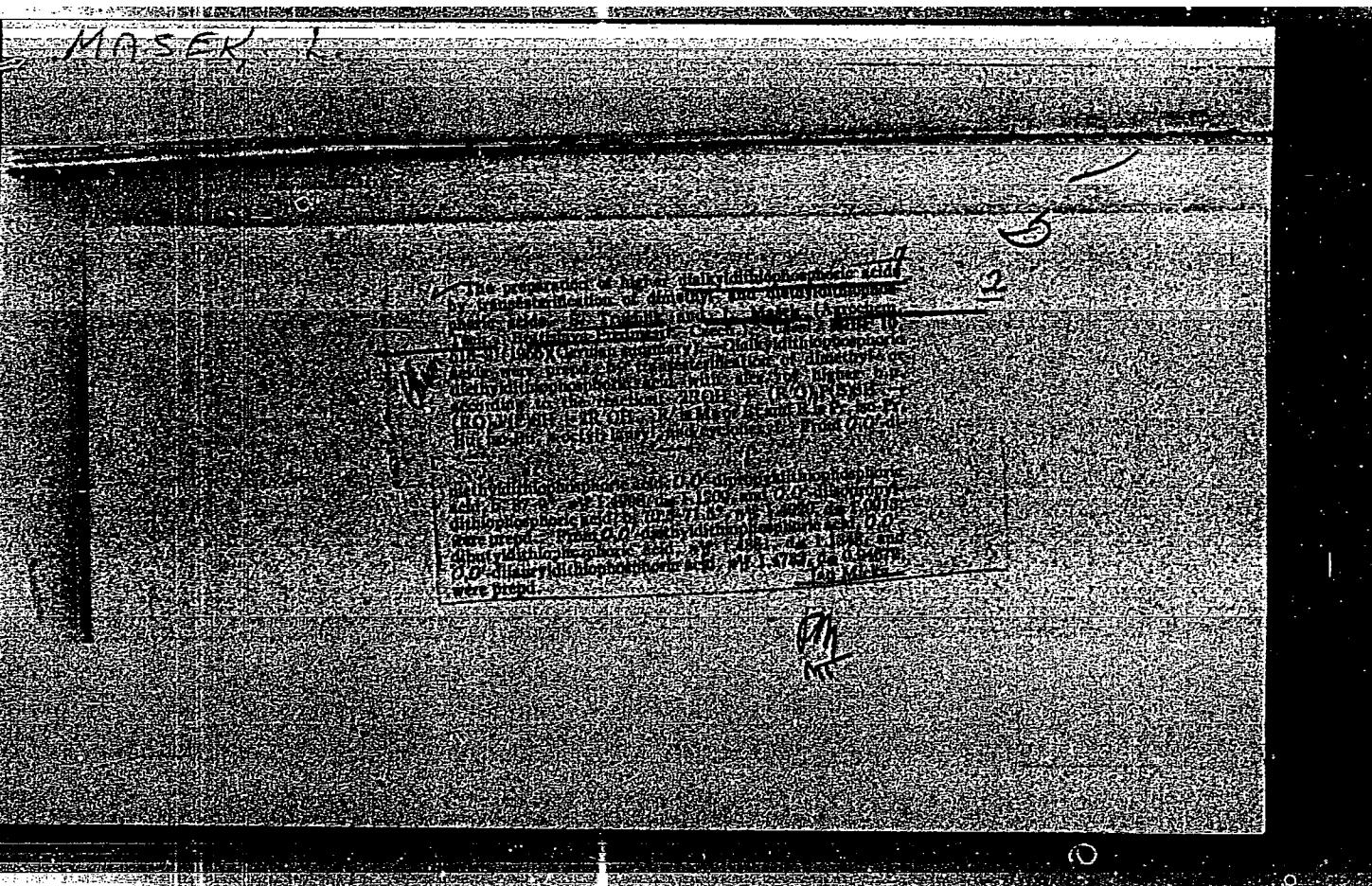
The Presto crane adapted for block building. p. 404.

Vol. 3, no. 12, Dec. 1954 (Mechanisace)  
INZENIERSKE STAVBY  
Praha, Czechoslovakia

So: Eastern European Accession Vol. 5, No. 4 April 1956

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710011-5"

COUNTRY : Czechoslovakia H-25  
CATEGORY : Chemical Technology - Fats and Oils, Waxes.  
          Soap and Detergents, Flotation Agents  
ABSTRACT J. SR. : RZhKhim., No. 24 1959, No. 88109

AUTHOR : Masek, L.  
INST. :  
TITLE : Production of Microcrystalline Waxes in  
          Czechoslovakia

ORIG. PUP. : 1959, 4, No 5, 137-139

ABSTRACT : Preparation of microcrystalline waxes (MW) in the form of bars from petroleum waste. MW having impregnating and adhesive properties, their microphotographs and physical indices. Feasibility of producing MW having the required characteristics (low permeability to water vapor, aromatic substances and gases, capacity of bonding by action of heat, mechanical strength, luster, etc.). Methods of using MW in packaging of bakery and confectionary products, as interlayer in paper bags, impregnation of paper in manufacture of paper cups, bonding aluminum foil to parchment paper, cellophane, polyethylene, polyvinylchloride. Advantages of MW over paraffin in admixture with polyethylene and polyisobutylene. Preceding communication see RZhKhim, 1959, No 17, 62686.

G. Frid

239

MASEK, M

Z/012/60/000/02/017/019  
E073/E435

AUTHOR: None given

TITLE: First Conference on Research in the Field of  
Electrical Ceramics

PERIODICAL: Silikáty, 1960, Nr 2, pp 212-213

ABSTRACT: This conference was convened by the Výzkumný ústav  
elektrotechnické keramiky (Research Institute for  
Electrical Ceramics) and was held in Hradec Kralove on  
September 10-12, 1959. There were about 100 participants  
including Professor F. Obenhaus, Dresden, East Germany.  
Twenty-two papers were read. J. Mrácek spoke on  
"Metallizing ceramics with silver and on brazing silver  
layers". J. Schwarzbach reported on "Investigations of  
the dielectric properties of the system BaO-TiO<sub>2</sub>" and  
jointly with R. Koller he reported on "The study of  
the crystallographic phases of the system BaO-TiO<sub>2</sub>".  
M. Masek reported on "Some results gained from loading  
tests of ceramic condensers". A. Koller explained "The  
relations between exoemission and degradation of titanite  
dielectrics". J. Chmelíček reported on "The variance of  
the results and on the results obtained in voltage tests  
of insulators under rain". F. Obenhaus reported on

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Z/012/60/000/02/017/019  
E073/E435

First Conference on Research in the Field of Electrical Ceramics  
"Breakdowns along the surface of the insulator, the  
surface of the path and the preliminary discharge".  
A paper of P.P.Budnikov was read on "Quick hardening  
cement putty for porcelain insulators". J. Kraval  
dealt with problems of recording surge waves by a  
capacitive voltage divider located above the surge  
generator. J. Radl and V.Havlíček dealt with the  
technique of electric testing of insulators in an  
artificial fog. A. Mráčkova dealt with a new type of  
semiconducting glaze. V. Koukal dealt with the radio  
interference of Czech produced insulators. S. Kudrna  
dealt with an experiment on the physical interpretation  
of the influence of crystals of grinding materials on  
the mechanical strength of porcelain substances.  
Z. Radl dealt with increased electromechanical strength  
of cap insulators. Z. Pospíšil and A. Kubový dealt with  
physical relations governing the technology of wet  
pressing of ceramic substances. H.T.Arend, B.Březina,  
P. Coufalová and V.Janovec dealt with titanite single  
crystals and certain possibilities of applying these for

Card 2/3

Z/012/60/000/02/017/019  
E073/E435

First Conference on Research in the Field of Electrical Ceramics  
research in HF dielectrics. O.Hovorka dealt with  
sintered corundum for vacuum applications. J.Mazanec  
dealt with the firing range of steatite substances.  
Zd.Pospisil dealt with the influence of ceramic insulating ✓  
tubes on the ageing of platinum thermocouples.  
V. Hermansky and J.Mracek dealt with a new method of  
preparing metallographic preparations of low melting  
point alloys and solders and with recent developments on  
metallizing ceramics with common metals. The papers and  
a report on the discussions will be published in a  
symposium.

Card 3/3

CAT 117/105 AFTG/ASU

S/271/63/000/004/013/045

S-1

AUTHORS: Milos, Milos and Stepanek, JaroslavTITLE: A time-delay relay based on a magnetic amplifierPUBLICATION: Radiotekhnicheskii zhurnal. Avtomatika, telemekhanika i vychislitel'naya tekhnika, No. 4, 1963, 17, abstract 4A103 (Czechos. pat., kl. 21g, 4/05, no. 101724, 15.11.61)

This patent describes a patent for a time-delay relay consisting of a magnetic amplifier with internal and external feedback, and the usual neutral relay. The control winding is joined in series with the circuit and shunted by a variable resistance. The control contact is joined in parallel with the circuit. The displacement winding is joined with the path of the displacement winding. The variable resistance is joined with the path of the displacement winding. One both variable resistances within broad limits, alter the delay of the relay. One of the contacts of the relay may be joined to serve as a control contact; this allows for the generation of pulses with assigned interval. There is one illustration.

/Abstractor's note: Complete translation/

Card 1/1

MASEK, M., Inz.

Declassified production line of the Pečoryje brick factory. Stavivo  
P-11:415-416. N 164.

1. Development and automation center of the Prague stavební závody,  
Czechoslovakia.

MASEK, Nevenka, Dr.

Ehlers-Danlos sindrom. Lijec.vjes. 77 no.14-17 Jan-Feb '55.

1. Iz Djecjeg dispanzera Donjigrad u Zagrebu.  
(EHLERS-DANLOS SYNDROME, case report (Ser))

URSINI, G.  
(7705)

Nitazoxanide (Stavudine) or stavudine v. intravenous. Normal adult dose is 100 mg/kg/day in two divided doses. Acute barbiturate poisoning and its treatment by. Nitazoxanide, jezi lecba acute barbiturate poisoning and its treatment by. Nitazoxanide, 7/11 (326-330) Pervitin intravenously is recommended as the treatment of choice. Nitazoxanide

Sk : AKG (Approved for Release under the Freedom of Information Act, Card 1 of 2)

MASZEK, O.

Sympatholytics; new neurovegetative drugs. Lek. listy 6  
no.14:432-436 15 July 1951. (CML 20:11)

1. Of the Internal Department of the State Regional Hospital  
in Trnava (Head -- Jan Konrad, M.D.).

MASEK, O.

Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis with steroid hormones. Prakt.  
lek., Praha 31 no.17:383-385 5 Sep 1951. (CLML 21:1)

1. Of the Internal Department (Head -- Jan Konrad, M.D.) of the  
State District Hospital, Turnov.

MASEK, Otokar, MUDr (Praha XVI, Habrezi legii 19)

Ganglion blocking method in the treatment of herpes zoster;  
preliminary communication. Lek. listy, Brno 9 no.15-16:368-369  
1 Aug. 54.

1. Z Mestniho obvodniho sdravotnickeho strediska v Josefove Dole  
(OUMZ Jablonec n. N.) Vedouci: MUDr O. Masek.  
(MUSCLE RELAXANTS, therapeutic use,  
methonium in herpes zoster)  
(HERPES ZOSTER, therapy,  
methonium)

MASEK, Otokar, MUDr (Praha XVI, Nebrezi legii 19)

Medicinal therapy of hypertension. II. Preliminary communication  
on antihypertensive properties of hydrazinophthalazine drugs.  
Lek. listy, Brno 9 no.20:475-476 15 Oct 54.

1. Z mistniho obvodniho zdravotnickeho strediska v Josefove Dole  
(OUMZ Jablonec n.N.) vedouci: MUDr Otokar Masek.

(HYPERTENSION, therapy,

hydralazine)

(SYMPATHOLYTICS, therapeutic use,

hydralazine in hypertension)

MASEK, Otokar, MUDr (Nabrezi legii 19, Praha XVI)

Recent studies on the effect of drugs on blood pressure. Lek.  
listy, Brno 9 no.21:491-493 1 Nov 54.

1. Z mistniho obvodniho zdravotniho strediska v Josefove Dole (OUNZ  
Jablonec n. J.) Vedouci: MUDr Otokar Masek.  
(BLOOD PRESSURE, effect of drugs on.)  
(VASOMOTOR DRUGS, effects  
on blood pressure)

MASEK Otakar MUDr

Drug therapy of arterial hypertension;].  
Vnitr. lek., Brno 1 no.2:141-145 Feb 55.

1. Z mistniho obvodniho zdravotnickeho strediska v Josefove Dole  
(OUMZ Jablonec N. N.) vedouci MUDr Otakar Masek  
Praha XVI., Nabrezi legii 19

(HYPERTENSION, therapy  
reserpine)

(RAUWOLFIA ALKALOIDS, ther. use  
reserpine in hypertension)

EAST GERMANY/Pharmacology and Toxicology. Analgesics

V-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 10, 1958, No 47159

Author : Polak F., Misek O., Mencik Zd.

Inst : -

Title : The Analgesic Action of Magnesium Sulfate in the Painful  
Non-Inflammatory Diseases of the Motor Apparatus

Ori. Pub : Z. ges. innere Med., 1957, 12, No 20, 252-253

Abstract : No abstract

Card : 1/1

13

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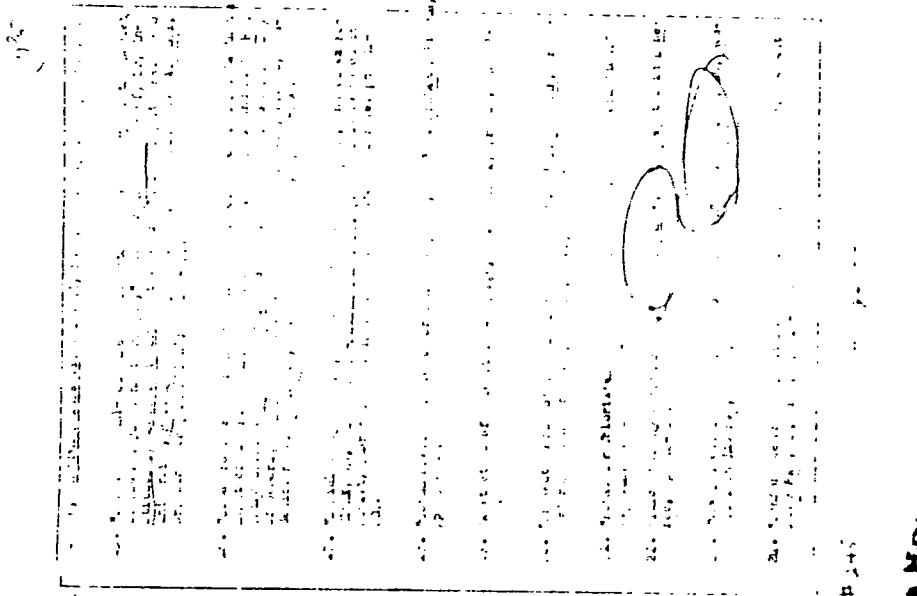
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CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710011-5"

RECORDED BY

HASEK, V., MD.

Private, Vnitri Lekarstvi, Leningrad, Russia

"Fischi i vity o tle, trudno vsego znam' i vsego znam'"

MASEK, Otakar, MUDr. (Janackovo nabr. 19, Praha 5 - Smichov).

New knowledge about hypertensive disease. *Vnitri lek.* 11 no. 6:  
604-605 Je'65.

Cheyne-Stokes periodic respiration. *Ibid.* 605-606

New knowledge about glucose metabolism disorders and diabetes.  
*Ibid.* 606-609

The action of human growth hormone in man. *Ibid.* 609-610

Thyroid diseases are often caused by immunologic processes.  
*Ibid.* 611.

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MASHI, A. Z. I.  
(#2592)

path. anat. ASTRAV MARLEY MIV. V grade. Pathologist in the following cases: 1. Case No. 1 (1.3-161) Illus. 1  
Four cases were observed. In the first case tumor was located in the fourth ventricle and excluded the foramen of Monro. In the second case the tumor was located at the cerebellar angle and in the remaining two cases in the 4th ventricle. The possibility of papilloma and epithelioma of the choroid plexus is suggested. The following are the differential diagnosis from: yxoma, glioma, tuberculoma, gliomatosis.

Author = PTA - A. Z. I., 1

cc: ENDERSON, L. D. - vol. 1 - p. 7 - S. 1. 11 - July 1, 2

VYBORNÝ, Josef, MUDr; JENÍČEK, Otakar, MUDr; JIRASÍK, Lubor, MUDr; MASÍK, Rudolf, MUDr

Spontánní panniculitis. Cas. lek. česk. 91 no. 8:227-234 22 Feb 52.

1. Z chirurgického oddělení statní fakultní nemocnice, pohotovky v Praze III; prednosta: MUDr Zdenek Vahala. Z II. dermatovenerologické kliniky univerzity Karlovy; prednosta: prof. dr. Karel Hubachmann. Z I. patologicko-anatomického učstavu univerzity Karlovy; prednosta: prof. dr. Herman Sikl.

(PANNICULITIS,

spontaneous, clin. manifest. & ther.)

MASIK, Rudolf

Nature of the pigment of pigmented papilloma of the choroid plexus.  
Cas. lek. cesk. 91 no. 18: 541-543 2 May 52.

1. Z I. pathologicko-anatomického ústavu Karlovy univerzity v  
Praze; prednosta: prof. dr. H. Sikl.  
(PAPILLOMA,

pigmented papilloma of choroid plexus)  
(CEREBRAL VENTRICLES, neoplasma,  
pigmented papilloma of choroid plexus)

MASEK R., PA'DERKA V., VACEK R., VALACH I., BEDÁR B., LIŠKA K..

I. Path. - Anet. Ust. KU, Praha. \*Správné, prehlédnuté a mylné diagnosy, jejich  
častot a porovnání s pitevním poznáním. Correct, ~~missed~~, and wrong diagnoses, their  
frequency and comparison with autopsy diagnoses CAS. IEX. CES 1954, 93/14 (145-75)  
Tables 4

In 1,000 autopsies from several clinics the clinical diagnosis had been correct in 71.8%,  
almost correct in 52%, inadequate in 12.6% and wrong in 3.6% and wrong in 3.6%. Border  
limits of inadequate and wrong diagnoses together were 7 and 31%. It is felt that if the  
upper limit is 10% it may be considered as an excellent result; on the other hand,  
20% lower limit means poor diagnostic quality. Šíkl - Prague

SO: Excerpta Medica  
Section V  
Vol 7 No. 10

MASEK, Rudolf, MUDr (Praha XIV, Budejovicka 800)

Primary hyperplastic intestinal lipomatosis. Cesk.onkol. 2 no.2-3:  
268-272 1955.

1. I, pathologicko-anatomicky ustav Karlovy university v Praze.  
(INTESTINES, LARGE, diseases,  
hyperplastic lipomatosis causing obstruct.)  
(INTESTINAL OBSTRUCTION, etiology and pathogenesis,  
hyperplastic lipomatosis of rectum & sigmoid)

~~MAŠEK~~ EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 5 Vol. 10/9 Pathology Sept 57

2638. KRATKOVÁ E. and MAŠEK R. Kinderabt. und Prosekt., Thomayer-Krankenh.  
Praha-Krč. \*Multinoduläres Leberkarzinom auf zirrhotischer Grundlage  
nach epidemischer Hepatitis bei einem 8-jährigen Knaben Multinodular  
carcinoma in a cirrhotic liver after epidemic hepatitis  
in an 8-year-old boy ČSL. ONKOL. 1956, 3/2 (128-136) Illus. 9  
A description is given of a case of mixed hepato-cholangiocellular carcinoma super-  
imposed on hepatic cirrhosis in a boy aged 8 yr. occurring after recurrent epidemic  
hepatitis. The authors consider the various morphogenetic stages of the develop-  
ment of the initial hepatodystrophic process to liver cirrhosis and of the degener-  
ation of the latter to carcinoma. This case is the first in a child to be described in  
the international literature.

Cali - Naples (V, 16)

USSR/ General Problems of Pathology. Comparative Oncology. Tumors in Humans U-7

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., № 13, 1958, № 61234

Author : Belan A., Hejnal J., Adler F., Masek R.

Inst : "

Title : Primary Cancer of the Lower Horizontal Part of the Duodenum

Orig Pub : Rozhl. chirurg., 1957, № 12, 830-835

Abstract : Description of a case of an adenocarcinoma of the lower horizontal part of the duodenum, in a patient 68 years of age. Resection was made of the duodenum and the greater part of the affected pancreas. After the operation, the patient felt well for 9 months, and died from bronchopneumonia. Postmortem did not reveal any metastasis of the adenocarcinoma. The clinical picture and differentiated diagnosis were discussed. The difficulty of a diagnosis of the above mentioned condition is emphasized.

Card : 1/1

MASEK, Rudolf

Disseminated subacute lupus erythematosus with predominance of  
vascular pulmonary changes. Cas.lek.cesk. 98 no.37:1165-1171  
11 S '59.

1. Patologickoanatomicke oddeleni Thomayerovy nemocnice v Praze-  
Krci, prednosta MUDr. Rudolf Masek.  
(LUPUS ERYTHEMATOSUS pathol.)  
(LUNGS blood supply)

MASHEK, R. [Masek, R.] (Praga-Krch)

Systemic chondromalacia. Arkh. pat. 26 no.12:58-62 '64.  
(MIRA 18:5)  
1. Patologoanatomiceskoye otdeleniye (zav. - kand.med.nauk  
R.Mashék) bol'nitsy imeni Tomayera v Prague-Krch.

MASEK, S.

Control of infectious diseases in day nurseries. Ljekovjes N  
no.2:57-62 P '50.  
(CML 19:2)

MASEK, Slavko,  
MASEK, Slavko, dr.

Tuberculous skin infection in child vaccinated previously with  
BCG vaccine. Ljdec. vjes. 76 no.3-4:103-106 Mar-Apr 54.

1. Iz Bolnice za tuberkulosu, Srebrnjak, Zagreb.  
(TUBERCULOSIS, CUTANEOUS, in inf. & child  
after BCG vacc.)  
(BCG VACCINATION, compl.  
tuber. verrucosa cutis in child)

HASEK, TIRT

The decomposition of nitroso compounds under the conditions of  
highly variable anhydrous reagents (Polarogen, nitric  
trifluoroacetyl ester, etc.) (1967). The removal  
of  $\text{HNO}_2$  (1) from the polynitrophenols by an anhydrous  
reagent was studied. It was found that the rate of  
removal depends on the reactivity and volatilization of the  
reagent, which makes it possible to determine the extent of the  
decomposition reaction. The relative extent to which both the decomposition reaction  
and the rate of removal of 1 were reduced from the  
stoichiometry of the reaction. Conditions for analytical use  
of the law are given.

Masek, V.

Masek, V. Defects resulting from inadequate work in building and assembling structural elements. p. 444.

Vol. 4, no. 12, Dec. 1956  
POZEMNI STAVBY  
TECHNOLOGY  
Czechoslovakia

So. East European Accessions, Vol. 6, No. 5, May 1957

Masek, V.

Masek, V. Experiments made in the construction of a plant for iron manufacture by the direct process in Ejpovice. p. 64.

Vol. 5, no. 2, Feb. 1957.

POZEMNI STAVBY

TECHNOLOGY

Czechoslovakia

So. East European Accessions, Vol. 6, No. 5, May 1957

MASEK, V., inz., ScC.

Wet coke quenching. Paliva 43 no.6:180-182 Je '63.

1. Vyaklumny a skusebni ustav, Nova hut Klementa Gottwalda,  
Ostrava - Kuncice.

NASEK, V.

"Galvanometric Indication of Chlorides in Crude Oil," p. 90.  
(Polymer, Vol. 33, No. 4, Apr. 1953, Praha.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Acquisitions, Vol.2, No.9, Library of Congress, September  
1953, Uncl.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their  
Applications - Corrosion. Corrosion Protection.

H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 11, 1958, 36591  
Author : Palič Vilim, Prokes Josef, Masek Vaclav  
Inst : -  
Title : Corrosion Caused by Bleaching Clay.  
Orig Pub : Elektrotechn. Obzor, 1957, 46, No 5, 245-247

Abstract : It was established that imported bentonite, used in Czechoslovakia, contains sulfur, which upon activation becomes free. This causes intense corrosion in the equipment used in petrochemical plants, and, during pulverization it contaminates some products, which upon contact with metals (especially with Cu) cause intense corrosion. The effect of S contamination of transformer oil on latter's stability and electrical insulating properties has been studied. A process permitting elimination of sulfur from bleaching clay without changing its properties has been worked out.

Card 1/1

6

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their  
Application. (Part 1) Corrosion. Protection  
From Corrosion.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 10, 1959, No. 35244

Author : Masek, Vaclav

Inst : Not given

Title : The Corrosion of Bearings Caused by Lubricants

Orig Pub : Automobil (CSR), 1958, 2, No 10, 350-351

Abstract : Laboratory methods of determination of the aggressive properties of lubricants are described. The method of Punkerich (the evaluation of aggressive properties of lubricating oils is calculated by the loss of weight of the sample in g/m<sup>2</sup>/50 hours) is proposed as a standard method. The review of aggressive properties of lubricants used in Czechoslovakia and their evaluation, according to the method of Punkevitch, is given. Bibl. 12 titles. --  
From author's resume

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710011-5

COUNTRY :  
CATEGORY :  
ASS. JOUR. : RZKhImat, No. 103, No. 11  
AUTHOR : V. V. S.  
TITLE :  
TYPE, FORM :  
ABSTRACT :  
  
DATA:

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710011-5"

COUNTRY : Czechoslovakia  
CATEGORY :  
ABS. JOUR. : RZKhim, No. 22 1959, No. 6

AUTHOR : Masek, V.  
TITLE : The effect of the concentration of the reaction mixture on the rate of polymerization of methyl methacrylate  
CRIG. PUB. : Polymerization of Methacrylates, Vol. 1, No. 1, 1959  
ABSTRACT : An improvement in the method of polymerization of methyl methacrylate is described. The method consists of polymerizing the monomer in a solution containing a small amount of water and a large amount of organic solvent. The reaction mixture is heated to a temperature of about 60°C and maintained at that temperature for a period of time. The polymer is then isolated and purified.

NASEK, L.

TECHNOLOGY

PERIODICAL: AUTOMOBIL. N. 3, no. 2, Feb. 1969

Nasek, L. Stability of oils in the hot parts of the motor. p. 62.  
-IK-. New experimental times of Soviet engines. p. 51.

Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EEA), L., Vol. 8, no. 1,  
May 1969, Inclass.

MASEK, V.

Operational and laboratory stability of our transformer oils. p. 512.

ENERGETIKA. Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 9, no. 10, Oct. 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960  
Uncl.

Z/032/60/010/07/016/030  
E073/E335

AUTHOR: Mašek, V., Engineer

TITLE: Anticorrosive Properties of Czech-produced Lubricants<sup>11</sup>

PERIODICAL: Strojírenství, 1960, Vol 10, Nr 7, pp 534 - 538

ABSTRACT: The author reviews briefly the factors determining anti-corrosive properties of oils and various testing methods for evaluating them. The results of large-scale testing by standard methods of oils available in Czechoslovakia from the point of view of their anticorrosive properties are tabulated in Tables 1-5. There are 3 figures, 5 tables and 26 references, of which 9 are Soviet, 10 English, 1 German, 1 Hungarian and 5 Czech. ✓

ASSOCIATION: Ostravská rafinerie minerálních olejů  
(Ostrava Oil Refinery)

Card 1/1

MASEK, Vaclav, inz.

Electric strength of insulating oils. Energetika Cz 11 no.8:398-400  
Ag '61.

MASEK, Vaclav

3,4-benzpyrene in our crude petroleum fuel oil. Pracovni lek. 13 no. 7:  
363-366 S '61.

1. Vyskumny a skusebni ustav NHKG n.p., Ostrava-Kunice.

(BENZOPYRENES) (PETROLEUM)

Wach, V.

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: /not given/

Affiliation: /not given/

Source: Bratislava, Farmaceuticky Obzor, Vol 30, No 8, 1961; p. 44-58

Data: "White and Yellow Petrolatum"

MASEK, V., inz.

Suitable oils for increasing the output of chemical products  
in coking. Paliva 41 no.3:76-81 Mr '61.

1. Vyžádany a zkusební ustanov, Nova hut Klementa  
Gottwalda, n.p., Ostrava - Kuncice.

MASEK, V., inz.

The 3,4 benzopyrene and fuel oil addition to coal in coking. Paliva  
41 no.11:333-338 N '61.

1. Vyzkumny a zkusebni ustav, Nova hut Klementa Gottwalda, Ostrava-  
Kuncice.

MASEK, V.

S.R

Research and Experimental Institute of the New Metallurgical Plant of  
Klement Gottwald, a national enterprise (Vyzkumný a zkusební institut  
Nové hutě K.G., n.p.) Ostrava-Kunice

Prague, Ceskoslovenska hydiena, No 10, 1962, pp 610-614

3,4-Benzpyrene and Exhalations from Coking Plants"

MASEK, Vaclav, inz.

Transportation of heavy fuel oils in tanks during summer.  
Energetika Cz 12 no.5:258-262 Ny '62.

MASEK, Vaclav, inz.

Addition of oil into coking coal in Hungary. Hut listy 17 no.9:655-  
658 ~~652~~.

1. Vyskumny a skusebni ustav, Nova hut Klementa Gottwalda, Ostrava-  
Kunice.

MASEK, V., inz.

Transportation of heavy oils in tanks for Ostrava-Karvina coke plants. Paliva 42 no.8:228-233 Ag '62.

1. Vyzkumny a zkusebni ustav, Nova hut Klementa Gottwaldova, Ostrava-Kuncice.

MASEK, V., ing.

The 3,4-benzopyrene and the operational coking of the oiled coal.  
Paliva 42 no.11:339-340 N '62.

1. Vyakluny a skusebni ustav, Nova hut Klementa Gottwalda, Ostrava -  
Kuncice.

MASEK, Vaclav (Ostrava)

Loss factor and dielectric constant in the refining process  
control. Ropa a uhlie 5 no.8:234-238 Ag'63

MASERK, Václav

3,4 benzopyrene in the coke industry. Koks 8 no.1:24-29 Ja-F '63.

1. Zaklad Badawczo-Doswiadczałny Nowej Huty im. K. Gottwalda, Ostrava-Kuncice, Czechoslowacja.

MASEK, Vaclav

In the fuel industry of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic  
3,4 benzopyrene. Roczn panstw zakl hig 14 no.5:461-465 '63.

MASEK, Vaclav, inz., CSc. (Ostrava)

Second stage of the research on using sulfite waste for  
in coke quenching. Papir a celulosa 18 no. 12: 243-  
D '63.

MASEK, Vaclav, inz., CSc.

Disposal of waste sulfite liquors from coke quenching. Vodni hosp 13 no.8:288-290 '63.

1. Vyskumny a zkusebni ustav, Nova hut Klementa Gottwalda,  
Ostrava - Kuncice.

MASEK, Vaclav, ins. (Ostrava)

Use of sulfite waste liquor slops for coke quenching. Papir a  
celulosa 18 no.1:4-6 Ja '63.

MASEK, Vaclav, ins. (Czechoslowacja)

Coefficient of the rate of dielectric losses and the dielectric losses constant during quality control of oil distillates won from pipe-tower distillation. Nafta Pol 19 no.4:94-99 Ap '63.

MASEK, V., inz., CSc.

Extraction of 3,4-benzopyrene in the pitch coal coking plant  
in Lasy. Paliva 43 no. 118339-342 N°63.

1. Výzkumný a zkusební ústav, Nova hut Elementa Gottwaldova,  
Ostrava - Kunčice.

MASEK,V.; CAKROVA,E.

Two months coke slackening by diluted sulphite refuses of  
Trojice coke-kilns. Cesk. hyg. 9 no.3:181-187 Ap'64.

1. Vyzkumny a zkusebni ustav NHKG, Ostrava-Kuncice;  
Krajska hygienicko-epidemiologicka stanice, Ostrava.

MASEK, V., inz. CSc.

Effect of sulfite waste liquor on concrete and steel.  
Vodni hosp 14 no. 3:97-98 '64.

MAILED

Measured and plotted. To follow up on 100% of  
Zairean activity (1), interview with

Mr. [redacted], Minister of National Defense, "D", [redacted], [redacted]

"[redacted] is the [redacted] of [redacted] and [redacted]. He is the [redacted]  
[redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted]."

MASEK, Vaclav, inz. CSc.

Note on coking properties of pitch. Hut listy 1<sup>o</sup> no. 2:  
84-88 F '64.

1. Vyzkumny a zkusebni ustav, Nova hut Klementa Gottwalda,  
Ostrava-Kuncice.

MASEK, Vaclav

Pitch hardening and coking with regard to the content and composition  
of insoluble parts. Rop a uhlis 6 no.10:304-308 10 '64.

1. Research and Testing Institute of the Nova hut Klementa Gottwaldova  
National Enterprise, Ostrava-Kunice.

MASEK, V.

The concentration of 3,4-benzpyrene in the atmosphere of the pitch  
coke-kilns of Lazy in winter 1963. Cesk. hyg. 9 no. 9: 545-569 0-64.

1. Vyzkumny a zkusebni istav Noveho Elementa Gottschald, Ostrava-Kuncice.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710011-5

MACH, V. A.

Pardon me, but I am not able to decipher the meaning of the 4-benzylbenzylidene derivative.

I. Vyzikumnyj v skladatel'nyx istochnikax nekotorye izlogi o  
Gatseva Karelle.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710011-5"

MASEK, Václav, Ing. ČSc.

The 3,4-benzopyrene in cigarette smoke water. Acta Chir.  
C. R., 2, 634-71-1-5.

I. Research and Testing Institute of the Ministry of Health  
of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, Prague.

OBJET: CZECHOSLOVAKIA

MASEK, V.

Research and Experimental Institute MMIG (Vyzkumný a  
zkusební ústav MMIG), Ostrava-Hlavnice

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Hygiena, No 2, 1965, p. 36-36

"The 3,4-Benzpyrene in the Dust and Atmosphere of Lacy  
Coke Kilns and Their Surroundings."

MASEK, Vaclav

Scrubbing oils from coal tar or from petroleum? Ropa a uhlie  
7 no.3:77-80 Mr '65.

1. Research and Testing Institute of the Nova hut Klementa  
Gottwalda, Ostrava-Kuncice.

MASEK, V.

3,4 Benzopyrene in the dust and atmosphere of the coke-kiln  
of Lazy and its vicinity. Cesk. hyg. 10 no. 2:86-96 Mr 1965

1. Vyzkumny i zkušební ústav ČHKG, Ostrava-Kunčice.

NAME, Ziajav

DATE OF BIRTH: 1950-01-15  
PLACE OF BIRTH: U.S.S.R.

1. IN 1970 HE TRAVELED TO THE U.S.S.R. AS A STUDENT,  
AND REMAINED THERE.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

SPC 5.7.481:668.7

MASEK, Vaclav; Research and Testing Institute, Nova hut Klement Gottwald Iron Works (Vyzkumny a Zkusebni Ustav NHKG), Ostrava - Kuncice.

"Contents of 3,4-Benzopyrene in Black Coal Tars."

Prague, Pracovni Lekarstvi, Vol 18, No 2, March 66, pp 55 - 68

Abstract [Author's English summary modified]: Laboratory coking was conducted on various samples of black coal. No 3,4-benzopyrene was found in the coal, but the content in the tar varied according to coking temperature and some parameters of the coking furnace. The coal also had an influence on the final amount of benzopyrene in the tar. Analytical methods also can influence the results; when highly acetylated cellulose and absorption spectrometry are used, lower results are obtained than when partly acetylated paper and fluorometry are used. 3 figures, 4 Tables, 7 Western, 6 Czech, 1 Russian reference. (Manuscript received 8 Sep 64).

1/1

L 46902-65

ACC NR: A1603428E

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0034/66/000/005/0344/0347

AUTHOR: Masek, Vaclav (Engineer; Candidate of sciences)

ORG: Research and Testing Institute, Klement Gottwald Nova Hut Iron Works,  
Ostrava - Kuncice (Vyzkumny a Zkusebni Ustav NHKG)

TITLE: Sedimentation dust on the surface of coking batteries and their environment

SOURCE: Hutnické listy, v. 21, no. 5, 1966, 344-347

TOPIC TAGS: industrial waste, coke

ABSTRACT: The dust deposited on the ground at the coking batteries in the Ostrava and Karvinna area contains, at an average, 50% of particles smaller than 0.2 mm. The particles originating from coking operations have sharp edges; those formed in tar distillation are spherical. All of the dust contains a high amount of ash, and does not contain parts that are volatile below 600°C. Particles above 2.0 mm size are basically unchanged from their original state, those between 0.2 and 2.0 mm are a mixture of dust and of original materials. With increasing distance from the batteries the amount of larger particles decreases, and that of small ones increases. A need to provide suitable dust collection equipment is stressed. The author thanks Engineers Hulici, Snajdav and Trytek, workers at VZU-NHKG, for checking parts of this paper. Orig. art. has: 11 figures and 4 tables. [JPRS: 36,867]

SUB CODE: 13 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 fv

0921 0009

MASEK, VLADIMIR

Vysší matematika. (Vyd. 1.) Praha, Státní pedagogické nakl., 1953. 206 p.  
(Učební texty vysokých škol) (higher mathematics; a university textbook. 1st ed. (illus.))

SD: Monthly List of East European Accessions. (EEAU), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6 June 1956, Uncl.

MASEK, Vladimir

MASEK, V.

Surfaces filled with focuses of parabolas on elliptic paraboloids on  
elliptic paraboloids. p. 212. MATEMATICKO-FYZIKALNY CASOPIS.  
(Slovenska akademia vied). Vol. 5, no. 4, 1955.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 5,  
No. 8, August 1956.

MASEK, Vladimir

Experimental K<sub>1</sub> channel of the gas loop of the VVR-S V UJV  
reactor. Jaderna energie 10 no. 2:53 F '64.

1. Ustav jaderneho vyzkumu, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved,  
Rez.

MASEK, Zdenek, inz., CSc.

Effect of the gas turbine blade shape and surface finishing on  
the blade aerodynamic parameters. Zpravodaj VZLU no.1:53-59 '63.

REF ID: A649973  
ACCESSION NO.: A649973 PR-0 000  
12-12-0-55-101(c)/101(1)/101(2)/101(3)/101(4)/101(5)/101(6)-2/PGS(c) PG-1  
7/00/99/64/000/001/0017/0022

ACCESSION NO.: A649973 PR-0 000

AUTHOR: Mironov, A. (engineer, Candidate of sciences)

TYPE: Effect of flow angle and intake temperature on the dependence of the turbine efficiency on the stage on blade height.

SOURCE: Lettov, V. Khimiv v skusnosti letacki ustan. Zpravodajstvi, no. 1, 1966.

TOPIC: Axial turbine blade design, aerodynamic parameters, temperature dependence, intake temperature, axial flow, three-dimensional flow, adiabatic efficiency, single-stage axial turbine, radial velocity component.

ABSTRACT: The method most frequently employed until now to calculate three-dimensional flow through the stage of an axial turbine, in addition to the assumption that the flow is over the surface of certain circular cylinders, has been based on a large number of simplifying assumptions which do not correspond to physical reality. In spite of this, good results have been obtained, and this study has been taken to investigate the nature of this phenomenon, which may conceal serious errors.

End-1/2

L25120-65

ACCESSION NO.: A740493

One of the simplifications usually made in the design of axial flow turbines is the justification of the assumption of adiabatic efficiency in a design method which makes it possible to obtain an overall adiabatic efficiency of 90% in the case of a single stage axial turbine. It is analysed and the following conclusions are drawn: 1) the assumption of isentropic flow gives reliable results only for the middle section of the blade upon which only the profile losses are acting; 2) consideration of the actual shape of the loss distribution makes it possible to explain certain important phenomena, the existence of which has been confirmed experimentally; 3) the shape of the temperature profile before the turbine has little effect on the dimensionless velocity distribution along the blade height; 4) the assumption of axial symmetry is justified; and 5) to obtain similar conclusions valid for turbine stages other than those dealt with here, it would be necessary to take into account the radial component of velocity. Orig. arc. han'dd figures and 10 TORNILLAS.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED BY: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODES: PR, MC

NO. REPS'D BY: 001

OTHER: 002

Card 2/2